TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.



REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Tons Lightology Inc.

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Tons Lightology Inc. and subsidiaries as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months and six months then ended, as well as the statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the six months then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these financial statements based on our reviews.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 36, "Engagements to Review Financial Statements" in the Republic of China. A review consists principally of inquiries of company personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with the "Rules Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers" and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC).

Wang, Yu-Chuan	Hung, Shu-Hua
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan	ı
July 28, 2017	

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2017, DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (The consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 are reviewed, not audited)

				June 30, 201		<u>r</u>	December 31, 2016		Jun	e 30, 2016	5
	Assets	Notes		MOUNT	<u>%</u>		MOUNT	%	AMO	UNT	%
	Current assets										
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	423,106	30	\$	489,064	34	\$ 5	85,543	39
1110	Financial assets at fair value	6(2)									
	through profit or loss - current			96,298	7		71,505	5		44,517	3
1150	Notes receivable, net			763	-		5,189	-		1,570	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net			138,815	10		163,547	12	1	99,257	13
1180	Accounts receivable - related	7									
	parties			6	-		-	-		-	-
1200	Other receivables			1,997	-		2,073	-		5,411	-
130X	Inventories, net	6(4)		155,643	11		147,574	10	1	52,510	10
1410	Prepayments			27,335	2		22,530	2		34,473	2
1470	Other current assets	6(5)		69,668	5		82,213	6		44,945	3
11XX	Current Assets			913,631	65		983,695	69	1,0	068,226	70
	Non-current assets										
1523	Available-for-sale financial assets -	- 6(6)									
	noncurrent			119,357	8		121,120	9	1	11,989	8
1600	Property, plant and equipment, net	6(7)		319,441	23		261,583	18	2	286,708	19
1780	Intangible assets			959	-		1,672	-		1,837	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(22)		4,139	-		5,221	-		4,735	-
1900	Other non-current assets	6(8)		51,308	4		49,514	4		48,422	3
15XX	Non-current assets		_	495,204	35		439,110	31		153,691	30
1XXX	Total assets		\$	1,408,835	100	\$	1,422,805	100	\$ 1,5	521,917	100

(Continued)

TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2017, DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (The consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 are reviewed, not audited)

	Liabilities and Equity	Notes	June 30, 2 AMOUNT	2017 %	December 31, AMOUNT	2016	June 30, 201 AMOUNT	<u>6</u>
	Current liabilities		AMOONI		AWOUNT		AMOUNT	
2120	Financial liabilities at fair value	6(2)						
2120	through profit or loss - current	0(2)	\$		\$ 2,067	_	\$ 1,048	_
2150	Notes payable			1 -	8	_	37	_
2170	Accounts payable		73,69		108,311		118,159	8
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7	13,47		100,511	,	110,137	_
2200	Other payables	6(9)	206,67		110,002	8	231,150	15
2220	Other payables - related parties	7	61		110,002	-	251,150	
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(22)	7,62		14,689	1	18,992	1
2300	Other current liabilities	*()	13,72		11,566		7,616	1
21XX	Current Liabilities		315,83		246,643		377,002	25
	Non-current liabilities							
2550	Provisions for liabilities -	6(12)						
2000	noncurrent	V(12)	91	'6 -	1,565	_	1,644	_
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(22)	1,55		1,555		726	_
2600	Other non-current liabilities	-(,	13,3		12,907		12,222	í
25XX	Non-current liabilities		15,8		16,027		14,592	1
2XXX	Total Liabilities		331,71		262,670		391,594	26
ZAAA	Equity attributable to owners of				202,070		371,374	
	parent							
	Share capital							
3110	Share capital - common stock	6(13)	394,1	76 28	390,689	28	382,180	25
3140	Advance receipts for share capital	6(13)	354,1		3,252		302,100	25
3150	Stock dividends to be distributed	0(15)	3,9	12 -	5,232	_	7,644	_
3150	Capital surplus		5,5				7,044	
3200	Capital surplus	6(14)	501,2	30 35	495,612	35	493,699	32
3200	Retained earnings	O(11)	501,2	,0 55	195,012	. 55	175,077	34
3310	Legal reserve	6(15)	62,5	55 4	50,054	4	50,054	3
3320	Special reserve	6(15)	38,4		38,429		38,429	3
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings	6(15)	108,4				138,903	9
3330	Other equity interest	0(15)	100,4	,5 0	107,000	, 13	150,505	
3400	Other equity interest	6(16)	(31,7	1017 2)(4,907	() (<u> </u>	19,414	2
31XX	Equity attributable to owners	0(10)	\ <u></u>	20/(2	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	·^\		
312121	of the parent		1,077,1	25 76	1,160,135	82	1,130,323	74
3XXX	Total equity		1,077,1					74
JAAA	Significant commitments and	9	1,077,1		1,100,15.		1,150,525	
	contingent liabilities	2						
	Significant events after the balance	. 11						
	sheet date							
2 V 2V	Total liabilities and equity		\$ 1,408,8	35 100	\$ 1,422,80	5 100	\$ 1,521,917	100
3X2X	Total habilities and equity		φ 1,400,0	100	φ 1,422,00.	100	φ 1,321,317	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE THREE MONTHS AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amounts)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			Three months ended June 30				Six months ended June 30			
			2017		2016		2017		2016	
	Items	Notes	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT		AMOUNT		AMOUNT	%
4000	Sales revenue	6(17)	\$ 246,060		\$ 342,333		\$ 456,407		\$ 628,706	100
5000	Operating costs	6(4)	(158,791			<u>65</u>)(_			<u>400,498</u>)(
5900	Net operating margin	((00)(01)	<u>87,269</u>	<u>35</u>	121,688	35	160,110	<u>35</u> _	228,208	36
6100	Operating expenses Selling expenses	6(20)(21)	/ 16 267	1111	21 (00) (0.4	40, 700) 4	1157	50 60114	٥.
6200	General & administrative		(26,367)(11)(31,602)(9)(49,709)(11)(58,601)(9)
0200	expenses		(25,121)(10)(27,418)(8)(47,766)(10)(56,998)(9)
6300	Research and development		(25,121	,(10)(27,710)(0)(47,700)(10)(30,996)(9)
	expenses		(8,645)(3)(9,839)(3)(16,746)(4)(19,451)(3)
6000	Total operating expenses		(60,133						135,050)(21)
6900	Operating profit		27,136		52,829	15	45,889	10	93,158	15
	Non-operating income and									
	expenses									
7010	Other rains and leases	6(18)	2,184		5,143	2	5,277	1	8,959	1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(19)	660	· (5,837)(<u> 2</u>)(<u>459</u>)	(_	<u>2,764</u>)	
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses		2,844	1 /	694)		4,818	1	6 106	1
7900	Profit before income tax		29,980		$\frac{094}{52,135}$		50,707	$-\frac{1}{11}$ -	6,195 99,353	$\frac{1}{16}$
7950	Income tax expense	6(22)	$(\underline{},785$			4)(10,341)(<u>2</u>)(22,964)(
8200	Profit for the period	- (,	\$ 23,195		\$ 38,503	11'	\$ 40,366	 <u></u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u>	\$ 76,389	12
	Other comprehensive income,								,,,,,,,,	
	net									
	Components of other									
	comprehensive income that									
	will be reclassified to profit or									
8361	loss Financial statements	6(16)								
0301	translation differences of	0(10)								
	foreign operations		\$ 13,502	5 (\$ 17,713)(5)(\$ 25,030)(6)(\$ 23,818)(4)
8362	Unrealized loss on valuation	6(16)	4 13,502	,	4 11112270	57(23,030,(٠, (.	4 25,010)(7)
	of available-for-sale financial	` ,								
	assets		(5,863)(2)(11,096)(3)(1,763)	- (2,014)	-
8399	Income tax relating to the	6(22)								
	components of other								1 000	
0260	comprehensive income			·		 .		 -	1,032	
8360	Components of other comprehensive income									
	that will be reclassified to									
	profit or loss		7,639	3 (28,809)(<u>8</u>)(26,793)(<u>6</u>)(24,800)(4)
8300	Total other comprehensive			· <u> </u>					2.,000	
	income (loss) for the period		\$ 7,639	3 (\$ 28,809)(<u>8</u>)(\$ 26,793)(<u>6</u>)(\$ 24,800)(4)
8500	Total comprehensive income				,					
	for the period		\$ 30,834	13	\$ 9,694	3	\$ 13,573	3	\$ 51,589	8
										_
0750	Pagia saunium um shar-	4(22)	¢	0.50	Φ	A 00	φ	1 01	φ	1 04
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(23)	<u>\$</u>	0.58	\$	0.98	Φ <u></u>	1.01	<u>\$</u>	<u>1.94</u>
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(23)	\$	0.58	\$	0.97	\$	1.01	\$	1.92
2020	Directed carmings per suare	0(23)	Ψ	0.20	Ψ	0.71	Ψ	1.01	Ψ	1,7L

TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (UNAUDITED)

			Capital			Capital	Equity attri Capital Reserves	tbutable to c	Equity attributable to owners of the parent Reserves	rent Retai	Retained Earnings			Other	Other equity interest	rest		
	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Advance receipts for share capital		Stock dividends to be distributed	Total capital surplus, additional paid- in capital	Employee stock warran	Employee stock werrents	Legal reserve		Special reserve	Unapt ret car	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	·	Unrealized gain or loss on available-for-sale financial assets	Total	Total equity
Six months ended June 30, 2016																		
Balance at January 1, 2016		\$ 381,378	64	€ \$		\$ 486,574	69	5,016	\$ 35,593	<u>د</u> ب	38,429	6/3	191,629	\$ 33,197	\$	11,017	\$ 1,1	\$ 1,182,833
Appropriations and distribution of 2015 camings																		
Legal reserve	6(15)	•		,	٠	ī		į	14,461		i	J	14,461)			ı		•
Stock dividends	6(15)	1			7,644	•		ı	•		٠	J	7,644)	•		1		•
Cash dividends	(15)	•				•		•	•			J	107,010)	•		(107,010)
Profit for the six months ended June 30, 2016		,			•	1		1	,		•		76,389	·		•		76,389
Other comprehensive loss for the six months ended June 30, 2016	6(16)	,			•	1		•	,		•		,	(23,818)	3) (982)	V	24,800)
Share-based payment transactions- employee stock options	6(11)	805		-1	1	2,007		102			1				1			2,911
Balance at June 30, 2016		\$ 382,180	S	φ.	7,644	\$ 488, 581	4	5,118	\$ 50,054	↔	38,429	↔	138,903	\$ 9,379	∽	10,035	\$ 1,1	1,130,323
Six months ended June 30, 2017																		
Balance at January 1, 2017		\$ 390,689	3,252	\$	ı	\$ 491,889	69	3,723	\$ 50,054	\$	38,429	69	187,006 ((\$ 23,355)	2	18,448		\$ 1,160,135
Appropriations and distribution of 2016 earnings																		
Legal reserve	(15)	•			•	•		,	12,501		•	_	12,501)			٠		·
Stock dividends	(15)	•			3,942	•		1	•		•	J	3,942)			•		
Cash dividends	(51)9	•		,		•		1	•		•	J	102,486)	•		•		102,486)
Profit for the six months ended June 30, 2017		,		ı	•			,	•		٠		40,366	·		•		40,366
Other comprehensive loss for the six months ended June 30, 2017	(10)	•		ı	•	ı		•	,				,	(25,030)	0	1,763))	26,793)
Share-based payment transactions- employee stock options	6(11)	3,487	(3,252)	(2)	'	6,721		1,053)								1		5,903
Balance at June 30, 2017		\$ 394,176	44	ا ا	3,942	\$ 498,610	s,	2,670	\$ 62,555	ام ام	38,429	69	108,443 ((\$ 48,385)	<u>چ</u>	16,685	\$ 1,0	\$ 1,077,125

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (UNAUDITED)

		Six months er			nded June 30,		
	Notes		2017		2016		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Profit before tax		\$	50,707	\$	99,353		
Adjustments		*	55,	•	,,,,,,,,,		
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)							
Depreciation	6(20)		21,071		23,664		
Amortisation	6(20)		754		786		
Reversal of doubtful accounts	. ,	(328)	(482)		
(Reversal of) provision for warranty expenses	6(12)	Ì	577)	,	957		
Interest income	6(18)	ì	4,478)	(5,399)		
Dividend income	` ,	ì	351)		900)		
Wages and salaries-employee stock options	6(11)	•	995	•	917		
Net loss on financial asssets and liablities at fair value	6(19)						
through profit or loss			761		3,783		
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(7)(19)	(2)	(392)		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					·		
Changes in operating assets							
Notes receivable, net			4,374	(175)		
Accounts receivable, net			24,401	(13,514)		
Accounts receivable due from related parties	7(2)	(6)		_		
Other receivables		(120)	(710)		
Inventories	6(4)	(12,036)		21,071		
Prepayments		(8,171)	(16,855)		
Other current assets			424	(1,540)		
Changes in operating liabilities							
Notes payable			25		37		
Accounts payable		(31,516)	(787)		
Accounts payable due from related parties	7(2)		13,432		-		
Other payables		(3,445)		6,065		
Other payables due from related parties	7(2)		607		=		
Advance receipts			947	(349)		
Other current liabilities			1,252	(2,318)		
Other non-current liabilities			15	(2,714)		
Cash inflow generated from operations			58,735		110,498		
Interest received			4,624		5,774		
Dividend received			351		900		
Income tax paid	6(22)	(<u>16,208</u>)	(20,522)		
Net cash flows from operating activities			47,502		96,650		

(Continued)

TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (UNAUDITED)

			Six months ended June 30,		
	Notes		2017		2016
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit	6(2)				
or loss		(\$	27,727)	(\$	50,393)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss, designated upon initial recognition			-		5,862
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets			8,460	(42,266)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(25)	(82,553)	(9,285)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(7)		203		1,433
Acquisition of intangible assets		(48)	(677)
Increase in refundable deposits		(818)	(434)
Increase in other non-current assets		(3,250)	(265)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(105,733)	(96,025)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received		,	419	(72)
Excercise of employee stock options	6(11)		4,908		1,994
Net cash flows from financing activities			5,327		1,922
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash equivalents		(13,054)	(12,586)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(65,958)	(10,039)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			489,064		595,582
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	423,106	\$	585,543

TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

Tons Lightology Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Law of the Republic of China (R.O.C) on August 20, 1992. On June 17, 2013, the Company's stocks were officially listed on the Taipei Exchange. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in manufacturing and trading of lighting equipment and lamps.

- 2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION
 - These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on July 28, 2017.
- 3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS
 - (1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting
 Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")
 New standards interpretations and amendments and an address the FSC. ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2017 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Investment entities: applying the consolidation exception	January 1, 2016
(amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28)	
Accounting for acquisition of interests in joint operations	January 1, 2016
(amendments to IFRS 11)	
IFRS 14, 'Regulatory deferral accounts'	January 1, 2016
Disclosure initiative (amendments to IAS 1)	January 1, 2016
Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortization	January 1, 2016
(amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38)	
Agriculture: bearer plants (amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41)	January 1, 2016
Defined benefit plans: employee contributions (amendments to IAS 19R)	July 1, 2014
Equity method in separate financial statements (amendments to IAS 27)	January 1, 2016
Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets	January 1, 2014
(amendments to IAS 36)	- ,
Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting	January 1, 2014
(amendments to IAS 39)	-
IFRIC 21, 'Levies'	January 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012	July 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2011-2013	July 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2012-2014	January 1, 2016
The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the	Crown's financial andies

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2018 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions	January 1, 2018
(amendments to IFRS 2)	
Applying IFRS 9 'Financial instruments' with IFRS 4 'Insurance	January 1, 2018
contracts' (amendments to IFRS 4)	
IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'	January 1, 2018
IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'	January 1, 2018
Clarifications to IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'	January 1, 2018
(amendments to IFRS 15)	
Disclosure initiative (amendments to IAS 7)	January 1, 2017
Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses	January 1, 2017
(amendments to IAS 12)	
Transfers of investment property (amendments to IAS 40)	January 1, 2018
IFRIC 22, 'Foreign currency transactions and advance consideration'	January 1, 2018
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 cycle- Amendments to	January 1, 2018
IFRS 1,	
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 cycle- Amendments to	January 1, 2017
IFRS 12, 'Disclosure of interests in other entities'	
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 cycle- Amendments to IAS	January 1, 2018
28, 'Investments in associates and joint ventures'	

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment. The quantitative impact will be disclosed when the assessment is complete.

A. IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'

- (a) Classification of debt instruments is driven by the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets, which would be classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income or financial asset measured at amortised cost. Equity instruments would be classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, unless an entity makes an irrevocable election at inception to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading.
- (b) The impairment losses of debt instruments are assessed using an 'expected credit loss' approach. An entity assesses at each balance sheet date whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition to recognise 12-month expected credit losses or lifetime expected credit losses (interest revenue would be calculated on the gross carrying amount of the asset before impairment losses occurred); or if the instrument that has objective evidence of impairment, interest revenue after the impairment would be calculated on the book value of net carrying amount (i.e. net of credit allowance). The Group shall always measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component.

B. IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'

IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' replaces IAS 11, 'Construction Contracts', IAS 18, 'Revenue' and relevant interpretations. According to IFRS 15, revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of promised goods or services. A customer obtains control of goods or services when a customer has the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining bene fits from, the asset.

The core principle of IFRS 15 is that an entity recognises revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects

to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. An entity recognises revenue in accordance with that core principle by applying the following steps:

Step 1: Identify contracts with customer.

Step 2: Identify separate performance obligations in the contract(s).

Step 3: Determine the transaction price.

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price.

Step 5: Recognise revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied.

Further, IFRS 15 includes a set of comprehensive disclosure requirements that requires an entity to disclose sufficient information to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

C. Amendments to IFRS 15, 'Clarifications to IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers'
The amendments clarify how to identify a performance obligation (the promise to transfer a good or
a service to a customer) in a contract; determine whether a company is a principal (the provider of a
good or service) or an agent (responsible for arranging for the good or service to be provided); and
determine whether the revenue from granting a licence should be recognised at a point in time or
over time. In addition to the clarifications, the amendments include two additional reliefs to reduce
cost and complexity for a company when it first applies the new Standard.

D. Amendments to IAS 7, 'Disclosure initiative'

This amendment requires that an entity shall provide more disclosures related to changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRS as endorsed by the FSC effective from 2017 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture (amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28)	To be determined by International Accounting Standards Board
IFRS 16, 'Leases'	January 1, 2019
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2021
IFRIC 23, 'Uncertainty over income tax treatments'	January 1, 2019

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment. The quantitative impact will be disclosed when the assessment is complete.

IFRS 16, 'Leases'

IFRS 16, 'Leases', replaces IAS 17, 'Leases' and related interpretations and SICs. The standard requires lessees to recognise a 'right-of-use asset' and a lease liability (except for those leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets). The accounting stays the same for lessors, which is to classify their leases as either finance leases or operating leases and account for those two types of leases differently. IFRS 16 only requires enhanced disclosures to be provided by lessors.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted are consistent with Note 4 in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016, except for the compliance statement, basis of preparations, basis of consolidation and additional policies as set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

A. The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and IAS 34,

"Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the FSC.

B. These consolidated financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Available-for-sale financial assets measured at fair value.
 - (c) Liabilities on cash-settled share-based payment arrangements measured at fair value.
 - (d) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

The basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements are consistent with those for the year ended December 31, 2016.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Owne	rship (%)	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	Description
TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC.	WORLD EXTEND HOLDING INC. (WORLD EXTEND)	Reinvestment company	100	100	Note 1
TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC.	HONG BO INVESTMENT CO., LTD. (HONG BO)	Reinvestment company	100	100	
WORLD EXTEND HOLDING INC.	TONS LIGHTING CO., LTD. (TL)	Sales of various lighting products and accessories	100	100	
WORLD EXTEND HOLDING INC.	GREATSUPER TECHNOLOGY LIMITED (GS)	Reinvestment company	100	100	Note 1
WORLD EXTEND HOLDING INC.	LUMINOUS HOLDING INCORPORATED (LUMINOUS)	Reinvestment company	100	100	Note 2

			Owne	rship (%)	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	Description
GREATSUPER TECHNOLOGY LIMITED	TITAN LIGHTING CO., LTD (TITAN)	Design of products, manufacturing of hardware parts, production and trading of lighting products and	100	100	Note 1
GREATSUPER TECHNOLOGY LIMITED	ZHONGSHAN TONS LIGHTING CO., LTD (ZHONGSHAN TONS)	accessories Design of products, manufacturing of hardware parts, production and trading of lighting products and accessories	100	100	
LUMINOUS HOLDING INCORPORATED	SHANGHAI TONS LIGHTOLOGY CO., LTD (SHANGHAI TONS)	Sales of various lighting products and accessories	100	-	Note 3
				rship (%)	
Name of	Name of	Main business		ne	Description
investor	subsidiary	activities		2016	Description
TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC.	WORLD EXTEND HOLDING INC. (WORLD EXTEND)	Reinvestment company	10	00	Note 1
TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC.	HONG BO INVESTMENT CO., LTD. (HONG BO)	Reinvestment company	10	00	
WORLD EXTEND HOLDING INC.	TONS LIGHTING CO., LTD. (TL)	Sales of various lighting products and accessories	10	00	
WORLD EXTEND HOLDING INC.	GREATSUPER TECHNOLOGY LIMITED (GS)	Reinvestment company	10	00	Note 1
GREATSUPER TECHNOLOGY LIMITED	TITAN LIGHTING CO., LTD (TITAN)	Design of products, manufacturing of hardware parts, production and trading of lighting products and accessories	16	00	Note 1

		Ownership (%)	
Name of investor	Main business activities	June 30, 2016	Description
GREATSUPE TECHNOLOG LIMITED	Design of products, manufacturing of hardware parts, production and trading of lighting products and accessories	100	

Note 1: The subsidiary is material to the Company.

- Note 2: On July 11, 2016, the Board of Directors approved the establishment of a subsidiary, Luminous Holding Incorporated, for business development. The establishment was completed in the same year.
- Note 3: On July 11, 2016, the Board of Directors approved the reinvestment in Mainland China and the establishment of a subsidiary, Shanghai Tons Lightology Co., Ltd., through Luminous Holding Incorporated for business development. The establishment was completed on January 2017.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

There have been no significant changes as of June 30, 2017. Please refer to Note 5 in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

, <u> </u>	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016		June 30, 2016	
Cash on hand	\$	814	\$	1,295	\$	806
Checking accounts and demand						
deposits		71,087		80,538		89,159
Time deposits		351,205		402,234		495,578
Cash equivalents		-		4,997		_
Cust offers are man	\$	423,106	\$	489,064	\$	585,543

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. Cash equivalents are notes issued under repurchase agreement and meets requirements of short-term and high liquidity.
- C. The Group's time deposits with maturity over three months that did not meet short-term cash commitments were classified as 'other current assets', please refer to Note 6 (5).
- D. The Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others.

(2) Financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss-current

Items		June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016		June 30, 2016
Financial asset items:			_			
Listed stocks	\$	101,594	\$	74,040	\$	49,534
Valuation adjustment	(6,066)	(2,535)	(5,017)
Financial assets held for trading			•	,	`	, ,
Non-hedging derivatives						
- Forward foreign exchange contract	ts	770		_		-
Total	\$	96,298	3	71,505	\$	44,517
		June 30,	Ī	December 31,		June 30,
Items		2017		2016		2016
Financial liability items:						
Financial liabilities held for trading						
Non-hedging derivatives						
- Forward foreign exchange contract	ts \$	-	(\$	2,067)	(\$	1,048)
A. The non-hedging derivative instrum		nsaction and	co	ntract informatio	n ar	e as follows:
3 3				ne 30, 2017		
Financial instruments	Con	tract amount				
	(notio	onal principal))	Co	ntra	act period
Forward foreign exchange contracts		,800 thousan				2018.6.17
Contracts		De	ce	mber 31, 2016		
Financial instruments	Con	tract amount		11001 51, 2010		
T maneiai mistruments				0-	4	ant mania d
		onal principal)				act period
Forward foreign exchange contracts	USD I	,800 thousand	ds	2017.1.	16~	2017.12.24

Financial instruments
Contract amount
(notional principal)
Contract period
orward foreign exchange
USD 1,800 thousands
2016.7.16~2017.6.19

Forward foreign exchange USD 1,800 thousands 2016.7.16~2017.6.19 contracts

The Group entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to sell (sell USD and buy RMB) to hedge exchange rate risk of import and export proceeds. However, these forward foreign exchange contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting. For the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Group recognised net gain (loss) of \$1,669 thousand and, (\$1,053) thousand, \$2,768 thousand and \$83 thousand, respectively.

June 30, 2016

- B. The Group recognised net loss of \$5,824 thousand, \$4,387 thousand, \$3,529 thousand and \$3,866 thousand on financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.
- C. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others.

(3) Accounts receivable, net

	Ju	ne 30, 2017	De	cember 31, 2016		June 30, 2016
Accounts receivable	\$	139,997	\$	165,080	\$	201,621
Accounts receivable due from related parties		6		-		-
Less: Allowance for bad debts	(1,182)	(1,533)	(_	2,364)
	\$	138,821	\$	163,547	\$	199,257

A. The credit quality of accounts receivable that were neither past due nor impaired was in the following categories based on the Group's Credit Quality Control Policy:

	Jur	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016		June 30, 2016
Group 1	\$	88,109	\$	99,472	\$	110,552
Group 2		21,436		24,889		41,971
Group 3		9,316		12,857		19,890
Group 4		346		1,765		1,983
-	\$	119,207	\$	138,983	\$_	174,396

Group 1: Existing customers (more than 6 months from the first transaction) who are within the list of top 10 customers of the Group.

Group 2: Existing customers (more than 6 months from the first transaction) who are within the list of top 11~30 customers of the Group.

Group 3: Other customers.

Group 4: New customers (less than 6 months from the first transaction).

B. The ageing analysis of financial assets that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

3, 11, 4, 6, — G				•		
	June	30, 2017	Decen	nber 31, 2016	Jun	e 30, 2016
Up to 30 days	\$	19,347	\$	21,079	\$	23,461
31 to 60 days		233		1,219		598
61 to 90 days		34		2,575		920
91 to 120 days		-		237		64
121 to 150 days		-		-		121
151 to 180 days		-		294		56
181 to 210 days		-		· -		37
211 to 240 days		-				1
Over 240 days						196
•	\$	19,614	\$	25,404	\$	25,454

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

C. Movement analysis of financial assets that were impaired is as follows:

As of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, the Group's accounts receivable that were impaired amounted to \$1,182 thousand, \$693 thousand and \$1,771 thousand, respectively.

D. Movements on the Group's provision for impairment of accounts receivable are as follows:

	2017					
	Individ	ual provision		Group provision		Total
At January 1	\$	693	\$	840	\$	1,533
Provision for impairment		489		-		489
Reversal of impairment		-	(817)	(817)
Effects of foreign exchange			. (_	23)	(_	23)
At June 30	\$	1,182	\$	_	\$	1,182

-	•	-	_
′)	11	1	4
/.	١,		()

				2016			
	Ind	ividual provis	ion	Group provisi	on		Total
At January 1	\$	1,7	771	\$ 1,0	079	\$	2,850
Reversal of impairment				(4	182)	(482
Effects of foreign exchange				. (4)	(_	4
At June 30	\$	1,7	771	\$	593	\$	2,364
E. The Group does not hold any	collater	al as security.					
) <u>Inventories</u>							
				June 30, 2017			
				Allowance for			
		Cost		valuation loss			Book value
Raw materials and supplies	\$	96,361	(\$	•	79)	\$	89,282
Work in process		15,267	(1,09	•		14,171
Semi-finished goods		35,937	(4,53	39)		31,398
Finished goods		25,516	(7,19	91)		18,325
Inventory in transit		2,467					2,467
Total	\$	175,548	(\$	19,90	05)	\$	155,643
				December 31, 201	6		
				Allowance for			
		Cost		valuation loss)	Book value
Raw materials and supplies	\$	87,516	(\$	7,3	13)	\$	80,203
Work in process		16,699	(1,0	65)		15,634
Semi-finished goods		37,442	(4,7	06)		32,736
Finished goods		25,584		6,5	<u>83)</u>		19,001
Total	\$	167,241	(<u>\$</u>	19,6	<u>67)</u>	\$	147,574
				June 30, 2016			
				Allowance for			
		Cost		valuation loss		Ε	Book value
Raw materials and supplies	\$	95,969	(\$	9,30	06)	\$	86,663
Work in process		14,019	(86	58)		13,151
Semi-finished goods		37,057	(6,28	30)		30,777
Finished goods		30,310	(8,39	91)		21,919
Total	\$	177,355	(\$	24,84	1 5)	\$	152,510

		Three months ended June 30,						
		2017		2016				
Cost of goods sold	\$	157,336	\$	218,418				
Loss on (gain on reversal of) market value decline and obsolete and slow-								
moving inventories		5	(594)				
Gain from sale of scraps	(891)	(734)				
Gain on physical inventory	(4)	(18)				
Loss on scrapping inventory		2,255		3,472				
Provision for warranty expenses		90		101				
	\$	158,791	\$	220,645				
	Six months ended June 30,							
		2017		2016				
Cost of goods sold	\$	293,894	\$	399,443				
Loss on (gain on reversal of) market value decline and obsolete and slow-								
moving inventories		650	(1,850)				
Gain from sale of scraps	(1,569)	(1,871)				
Gain on physical inventory	(4)	(18)				
Loss on scrapping inventory		3,354		4,629				
(Reversal of) provision for								
warranty expenses	(28)		165				
	\$	296,297	\$	400,498				

The Group reversed a previous inventory write-down because obsolete and slow-moving inventories and inventories with decline in market value were partially sold by the Group for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2016.

(5) Other current assets

•	June	e 30, 2017	Decem	ber 31, 2016	June	30, 2016
Time deposits	\$	66,103	\$	78,108	\$	41,288
Other		3,565		4,105		3,657
	\$	69,668	\$	82,213	\$	44,945

The time deposits mentioned above did not meet the requirement of short-term commitments.

(6) Non-current available-for-sale financial assets

Items	June	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016		June 30, 2016	
Non-current items:							
Listed stocks	\$	89,834	\$	89,834	\$	89,834	
Unlisted stocks		11,393		11,393		11,393	
Valuation adjustment		18,130		19,893		10,762	
Total	\$	119,357	\$	121,120	\$	111,989	

The Group recognised loss of \$5,863 thousand, \$11,096 thousand, \$1,763 thousand and \$982 thousand in other comprehensive income for fair value change for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and did not reclassify any amount from equity to profit or loss for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

(7) Property, plant and equipment

				Six 1	months en	Six months ended June 30, 2017	017		
	4	At January 1	Additions	Disposals	sals	Transfers	Z 	Net exchange differences	At June 30
Cost				:]	
Buildings and structures	69	298,539 \$	72,650	↔	ده ۱	1	<u>&</u>	8,217) \$	362,972
Molding equipment		149,181	3,041	_	194)	632	_	4,221)	148,439
Machinery		135,410	582		944)	273		4,221)	131,100
Research and development									
equipment		26,864	1		ı	ı	_	762)	26,102
Transportation equipment		15,369	1,185	_	1,258)	ı	_	389)	14,907
Others		83,982	1,328	_	1,556)	6,578	_	2,300)	88,032
Construction in progress		5,185	3,730		<u>ل</u> '	3,730)	ل	142)	5,043
	8	714,530 \$	82,516	\$	3,952) \$	3,753	⊛	20,252) \$	776,595
Accumulated depreciation									
Buildings and structures	\$	126,022) (\$	7,492)	€9	⇔	1	↔	3,549 (\$	129,965)
Molding equipment	_	129,398) (5,855)		194	Ī		3,652 (131,407)
Machinery	\cup	92,062) (3,477)		801	t		2,988 (91,750)
Research and development									
equipment	_	22,257) (565)		•	1		631 (22,191)
Transportation equipment	_	8,868) (1,095)		1,258	i		236 (8,469)
Others		74,340) (_	2,587)		1,498	1		2,057	73,372)
	⊛	452,947) (\$	21,071)	8	3,751 \$	1	₩.	13,113 (\$	457,154)
	↔	261,583						₩.	319,441

910	
e 30, 2016	
June	
ended	
months e	
Six mo	
Ś	

								Net exchange	hange		
	At	At January 1	Additions		Disposals	Tra	Transfers	differences	nces	At J	At June 30
Cost							`	,			0.00
Buildings and structures	69	326,307 \$	1	€>	ı	6	2			:	316,507
Molding equipment		154,354	7,382	_	9,475)		-		4,571)		147,690
Machinery		145,097	. 61		775)		1,419 (4,175)		141,627
Research and development											
equipment		29,015	1		1		63 (873)		28,205
Transportation equipment		16,287	572	_	368)		•		446)		16,045
Others		88,103	1,443		1,567)		703 (2,548)		86,134
Construction in progress		5,655	266	,	` 1	_	501) (164)		5,256
	⋻	764,818	9,724	<u></u>	12,185)	₩	1,684 (⊗	22,577)	\$	741,464
Accumulated depreciation		1								4	0
Buildings and structures	8)	120,779) (\$	8,496)	\$	1	6/3		60	_	⊛ .	125,381)
Molding equipment	_	133,977) (7,339)	<u> </u>	8,501		1		3,987		128,828)
Machinery		92,239) (4,000)	<u> </u>	774		•		2,676 (92,789)
Research and development									i		(302.00
equipment	_	22,696) (733)	<u> </u>	ı		ı		704		(07),77
Transportation equipment	<i>-</i>	7,284) (1,380)	<u>~</u>	368		•		238 (8,058)
Others	<i>-</i>	79,090)	1,716)	<u>(</u>	1,501				2,330 (76,975)
	£	_	(\$ 23,664)	\$	11,144	€9	'	69	13,829	€9	454,756)
	€>								•	65	286,708

The Group has no property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others.

(8) Other non-current assets

	June	30, 2017	Decem	ber 31, 2016	June	<u>30, 2016</u>
Land use right	\$	31,904	\$	33,279	\$	35,388
Other non-current assets		19,404		16,235		13,034
	\$	51,308	\$	49,514	\$	48,422

In November 2007, the Group entered into a land use right contract with Zhongshan Administration for Industry & Commerce for use of the land in Xiaolan Town, Zhongshan Prefecture, Guangdong Province in China, with a term of 47 years. Rents have been paid on the contract date. The Group recognised rental expenses of \$212 thousand, \$238 thousand, \$429 thousand and \$480 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

(9) Other payables

	Ju	ne 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	J	une 30, 2016
Cash dividends payable	\$	102,486	\$ -	\$	107,010
Salary and bonus payable		43,173	52,621		57,688
Insurance and pension expense					
payable		14,180	14,910		14,354
Payable for consumables and					
purchases		13,429	14,465		14,980
Others		33,404	28,006		37,118
	\$	206,672	\$ 110,002	\$	231,150

(10) Pensions

- A. (a) The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method, to the employees expected to be qualified for retirement next year, the Company will make contributions to cover the deficit by next March.
 - (b) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Group recognised pension costs of \$31 thousand, \$53 thousand,\$62 thousand and \$106 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.
 - (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2018 amounts to \$124.
- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor

Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.

- (b) The Company's Hong Kong subsidiaries have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to endowment insurance or pension reserves in accordance with the pension regulations of local government are based on certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages.
- (c) Titan Lighting Co. Ltd. and Zhongshan Tons Lighting Co. Ltd, have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contribution to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC) are based on a certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. On January 1, 2017 and 2016, abovementioned contribution percentage was both 13%. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
- (d) The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, were \$3,772 thousand, \$3,654 thousand, \$7,766 thousand and \$7,322 thousand, respectively.

(11) Share-based payment

A. For the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

					Actual	Actual	
					turnover	turnover	
					rate in	rate in	Estimated
		Quantity			the second	the second	future
Type of		granted (in	Contract	Vesting	quarter of	quarter of	turnover
arrangement	Grant date	thousands)	period	condition	2017	2016	rate
Third (1)	2012.03.21	600	5 years	2~4 years	0%	0%	0%
employee stock options				' service			
Third (2)	2012.12.26	70	5 years	2~4 years 'service	0%	0%	0%
employee stock options				service			
Fourth employee	2014.11.13	600	5 years	2~4 years	0%	3.33%	0%
stock options				' service			
Fifth employee	2016.12.23	600	5 years	2~4 years	10.87%	_	0%
stock options			_ ,	' service			

B. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

(a) Third (1) employee stock options

		2017			2016_	
	No. of options (in thousands)	Weighted-aver exercise pric (in dollars)	e:e	No. of options (in thousands)	Weighted-av exercise pr (in dollar	rice
Options outstanding	<u> </u>		<u>'</u>	. <u>(ar mac mountab)</u>	(22 0020	
at January 1	86	\$ 22	2.70	276	\$	24.90
Options exercised	(86)	2:	2.70	(75)		24.90
Options outstanding	\					, 0
at June 30	<u>-</u>			201		24.90
Options exercisable						
at June 30	_			201		
(b) Third (2) employee s	stock options					
	 	2017			2016	
		Weighted-aver	aoe		Weighted-av	erage
	No. of options	exercise pric	_	No. of options	exercise p	_
	(in thousands)	(in dollars)		(in thousands)	(in dollar	
Options outstanding					(
at January 1	4	\$ 2	1.90	14	\$	24.00
Options exercised	(4)	2	1.90	(5)		24.00
Options outstanding						
at June 30				9		24.00
Options exercisable						
at June 30				5		
(c) Fourth employee sto	ck options					
		2017			2016	
		Weighted-aver	rage		Weighted-av	erage
	No. of options	exercise pric	ce	No. of options	exercise p	rice
	(in thousands)	(in dollars))	(in thousands)	(in dolla	rs)
Options outstanding						
at January 1	390	\$ 2	3.80	508	\$	26.10
Options forfeited	-		-	(3)		26.10
Options exercised	(120)	2	3.80			-
Options outstanding						
at June 30	<u>270</u>	21.70 (N	(ote	505		26.10
Options exercisable	000					
at June 30	220			_		

Note:Price was adjusted due to the ex-rights.
(d) Fifth employee stock options

			2017			2016		
	No. o option (in thous	ns	Weighted- exercise (in dol	price	0	ptions exe	rcis	l-average e price llars)
Options outstand at January 1	-	600	\$	34.95		- \$		-
Options forfeited		21)		34.95		-		~
Options outstand at June 30	ing 	<u>579</u>	31.80	O (Note)	_	••		-
Options exercisal at June 30	ole 	<u> </u>				**		
Note:Price was ac C. The expiry date and e					at bal	ance sheet date ar December		
		No.	of options	Exerci	ise	No. of options	E	exercise
	Expiry date		housands)	pric	е	(in thousands)		price
Third (1) employee stock options	2017.3.20		_	\$	-	86	\$	22.70
Third (2) employee stock options	2017.12.25		•			4		21.90
Fourth employee stock options	2019.11.12		270	2	1.70	390		23.80
Fifth employee stock options	2021.12.22		579	3	1.80	600		34.95
*						June 30	, 20	16
						No. of options		Exercise
	Expiry date					(in thousands)		price
Third (1) employee	2017.3.20					201	\$	24.90

D.

2017.12.25

2019.11.12

Third (1) employee stock options

Third (2) employee

stock options

Fourth employee stock options

). Expenses incurred on share-based payment		e snown below Three months		30,
	2	2017		2016
Equity-settled - employee stock options	\$	494	\$	429
		Six months e	nded June 3	0,
		2017	•	2016
		3017		2010

9

505

24.00

26.10

(12) Provisions - non-current

			W	arranty	provisions	<u> </u>
				20)17	
At January 1			\$			1,565
Unused amounts reversed			(577)
Effects of foreign exchange			(12)
At June 30			\$			976
Analysis of total provisions:			•			
	June 30,	2017	December 31,	2016	June 30	, 2016
Non-current	\$	976	\$ 1	565	k	1 644

The Group gives warranties on lighting equipment lamps sold. Provision for warranty is estimated based on historical warranty data of lighting equipment lamps.

(13) Share capital

- A. As of June 30, 2017, the Company's authorized capital was \$500 million, consisting of 50,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock (including 5 million shares reserved for employee stock options). The paid-in capital was \$394,176 thousand with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. Total share capital was \$394,176 thousand.
- B. The stockholders at their annual stockholders' meeting on May 26, 2017 adopted a resolution to increase capital for 394 thousand shares with a par value of \$10 (in dollars), through capitalization of unappropriated retained earnings of \$3,942 thousand. The capital increase had been resolved by the Board of Directors and the effective date had been set on July 24, 2017. As of July 28, 2017, the registration has not yet been completed.
- C. The stockholders at their annual stockholders' meeting on May 31, 2016 adopted a resolution to increase capital for 764 thousand shares with a par value of \$10 (in dollars), through capitalization of unappropriated retained earnings of \$7,644 thousand. The capital increase had been resolved by the Board of Directors and the effective date has been set on August 1, 2016. On August 16, 2016, the registration was completed.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

	(Unit:	shares in Thousands)
	2017	2016
At January 1	39,207	38,138
Employee stock options exercised	211	80
At June 30	39,418	38,218

(14) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

(15) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall be distributed in the following order:
 - (a) Offset prior years' operating losses, if any.

- (b) Set aside 10% of the remaining amount as legal reserve, and set aside or reverse special reserve when necessary.
- (c) The remainder along with the unappropriated earnings of prior years is the accumulated distributable earnings. The appropriation of accumulated distributable earnings shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and be resolved by the shareholders.

The Company is at the development stage. In line with current and future development plans and investment environment, and to respond to capital needs and domestic and foreign competition, as well as shareholders' benefits, balanced dividends and the Company's long-term financial plan, etc., the earnings shall be appropriated in compliance with the above regulations. The ratio of dividends to shareholders shall account for at least 50% of the accumulated distributable earnings, and dividends shall be preferably distributed in the form of shares. The ratio of cash dividends shall account for at least 10% of the total dividends distributed. However, the Board of Directors shall adjust the ratios based on current year's operating status and shall report to the shareholders for a resolution.

- B. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- C. (a) In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
 - (b) The amount previously set aside by the Company as special reserve on initial application of IFRSs in accordance with Jin-Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi Letter No. 1010012865, dated April 6, 2012, shall be the same as the amount reclassified from accumulated translation adjustment under shareholders' equity to retained earnings for the exemptions elected by the Group. The increase in special reserve as a result of retained earnings arising from the adoption of IFRS was \$38,429 thousand.
- D. The appropriations of 2016 and 2015 earnings, respectively, resolved by the shareholders on May 26, 2017 and May 31, 2016 are as follows:

• ,		Ye	ars end	ed Decen	nber :	31,		
		201	6	·		20	15	
			Divide	ends per			Divide	ends per
			sł	nare				nare
	A	mount	(in d	ollars) _	A	mount	<u>(in d</u>	ollars)
Legal reserve	\$	12,501			\$	14,461		
Stock dividends		3,942	\$	0.1		7,644	\$	0.2
Cash dividends		102,486		2.6		<u> 107,010</u>		2.8
	\$	118,929			\$	129,115		

E. For the information relating to employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration, please refer to Note 6(21).

$(16)_{.}$	<u>Other</u>	<u>equity</u>	<u>items</u>
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	2017				2016			
	Cur	arrency Available-for-sale			urrency	Available-for-		
	trans	slation		investment	tr	anslation	sale	investment
At January 1	(\$	23,355)	\$	18,448	\$	33,197	\$	11,017
Currency translation								
-	(25,030)			(23,818)		-
Revaluation		_	(1,763)		-	(2,014)
Revaluation - tax								1,032
At June 30	(\$	48,385)	\$	16,685	\$	9,379	\$	10,035
(17) Operating revenue				TT1	. 1	117 3	^	
					ths e	nded June 3	<u>-</u>	
				2017			2016	
Sales revenue		\$		246,06	50	\$		342,333
				Six month	ıs en	ded June 30	,	
				2017			2016	
Sales revenue		\$		456,40)7	\$		628,706
(18) Other income								
				Three months	ende	d June 30,		
•				2017			2016	
Interest income:								
Interest income from bank dep	osits	\$		2,06	57	\$		2,541
Other interest income				1	<u>17</u>			2,602
		\$		2,18	84	\$		5,143
				Six months	ende	d June 30,		
				2017			2016	
Interest income:								
Interest income from bank dep	osits	\$		4,4′	78	\$		5,399
Other interest income				79	9			3,560
		\$		5,2	77	\$		8,959
								• •

(19) Other gains and losses

· /		30,			
	,	2017		2016	
Net currency exchange gain (loss) Net loss on financial assets	\$	5,017	(\$	386)	
at fair value through profit or loss Loss on disposal of property,	(4,155)	(5,440)	
plant and equipment	(195)	(10)	
Others	(7)	(1)	
	\$	660	(\$	5,837)	
		Six months end	ed June		
		2017		2016	
Net currency exchange gain Net loss on financial assets	\$	308	\$	633	
at fair value through profit or loss Gain on disposal of property,	(761)	(3,783)	
plant and equipment		2		392	
Others	(8)	(6)	
	(\$	459)	(\$	2,764)	
(20) Expenses by nature	-				
. ,		Three months end			
		2017		2016	
Employee benefit expense Depreciation charges on property,	\$	61,335	\$	75,206	
plant and equipment		10,839		11,709	
Amortisation expense		379		397	
		Six months end	led June 30,		
		2017		2016	
Employee benefit expense Depreciation charges on property,	\$	118,256	\$	149,076	
plant and equipment		21,071		23,664	
Amortisation expense		754		786	

(21) Employee benefit expense

	Three months ended June 30,					
		2017		2016		
Wages and salaries	\$	52,866	\$	66,410		
Employee stock options		494		429		
Labour and health insurance fees		2,029		2,241		
Pension costs		3,803		3,707		
Other personnel expenses		2,143		2,419		
	\$	61,335	\$	75,206		

	 Six months ended June 30,						
	 2017		2016				
Wages and salaries	\$ 101,137	\$	130,881				
Employee stock options	995		917				
Labour and health insurance fees	4,293		4,750				
Pension costs	7,828		7,428				
Other personnel expenses	 4,003		5,100				
	\$ 118,256	\$	149,076				

Note: Wages and salaries include wages to contractors. For the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Group had 748 (not including 85 contractors) and 893 employees (not including 75 contractors), respectively.

- A. A ratio of distributable profit of the current year, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall be 8% to 12% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 2% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration. If a company has accumulated deficit, earnings should be retained to cover losses.
- B. For the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the accrued employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration is as follows:

10110 11 51	Three months ended June 30,						
		2017		2016			
Employees' compensation		2,647	\$	3,151			
Directors' and supervisors' remuneration		467		245			
	\$	3,114	\$	3,396			
		Six months end	ed June 30),			
		2017		2016			
Employees' compensation	\$	4,452	\$	7,671			
Directors' and supervisors' remuneration		786		959			
	\$	5,238	\$	8,630			

The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration were accrued based on 8.5% and 1.5%, respectively, of the pretax income that has not been accrued for the above expenses of the current period. For the six months ended June 30, 2016, employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration was accrued based on 8 % and 1%,

respectively, of the pretax income that has not been accrued for the above expenses of the current period.

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration for 2016 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognised in the 2016 financial statements. The employees' compensation will be distributed in the form of cash.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the meeting of Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(22) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	Three months ended June 30,					
Current tax:		2017		2016		
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	5,003	\$	13,494		
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		556		1,463		
Prior year income tax underestimation		124		828		
Total current tax		5,683		15,785		
Deferred tax:						
Origination and reversal of temporary differences		1,102		2,153)		
Income tax expense	\$	6,785	\$	13,632		
Comment town		Six months end), 2016		
Current tax:	\$	9,293	\$	22,090		
Current tax on profits for the period Tax on undistributed surplus earnings	Ф.	556	Ψ	1,463		
Prior year income tax (overestimation)		330		1,105		
underestimation	(589)		849		
Total current tax	\ <u></u>	9,260	,	24,402		
Deferred tax:						
Origination and reversal of temporary						
differences		1,081	(1,438)		
Income tax expense	\$	10,341	\$	22,964		
(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to follows:						
	<u>T</u>	hree months end				
		2017		2016		
Unrealised gain (loss) on	da		ф			
available-for-sale financial assets	\$	<u>-</u>	3			
	Six months ended June 30,					
		2017		2016		
Unrealised gain (loss) on available-for-sale financial assets	\$	_	(\$	1,032)		

- B. The Company's income tax returns through 2014 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.
- C. Unappropriated retained earnings:

	Jı	ine 30, 2017	Dec	cember 31, 2016	June 30, 2016		
Earnings generated in							
and after 1998	\$	108,443	\$	187,006	\$	138,903	

- D. As of June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016, and June 30, 2016, the balance of the imputation tax credit account was \$28,354 thousand, \$17,724 thousand and \$24,578 thousand, respectively. The creditable tax rate was 12.83% for the year ended December 31, 2015 and is estimated to be 15.16% for the year ended December 31, 2016.
- E. Under the Income Tax Law, for distribution of earnings generated in and after 1998, the imputation tax credit which can be allocated to shareholders residing in R.O.C. is calculated based on the creditable tax rate at the date of dividend distribution. Actual imputation tax credit allocated to shareholders is based on the balance of the imputation tax credit account as of the date of dividend distribution. Therefore, the expected creditable tax rate for the 2016 earnings may differ from the actual creditable tax rate used to allocate imputation tax credits to the shareholders. According to Tai-Cai-Shui-Zi No. 10204562810 issued by the Ministry of Finance, when calculating the creditable tax rate during the year of first-time adoption of IFRSs, the cumulative unappropriated earnings include the net increase or net decrease in retained earnings arising from first-time adoption of IFRSs.

(23) <u>Earnings per share</u> Earnings per share of odinary shares

	Three months ended June 30, 2017						
	Weighted average						
			number of ordinary				
	Amount after		shares outstanding	Earnings per			
	Т		(shares in thousands)		n dollars)		
<u>.</u>		tax	(Shares in thousands)	Share (ii donars)		
Basic earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary	φ	22 105	20.012	c	0.58		
shareholders of the parent	\$	23,195	39,812	\$	0.56		
Diluted earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary							
shareholders of the parent		23,195	39,812				
Assumed conversion of all dilutive							
potential ordinary shares							
 Employees' compensation 		-	82				
- Employee stock options			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				
Profit attributable to ordinary							
shareholders of the parent plus							
assumed conversion of all dilutive							
potential ordinary shares	\$.	23,195	39,894	\$	0.58		
•		Three	months ended June 30	, 2016			
			Weighted average				
			number of ordinary				
			HULLIOCI OI OLUMIAI Y				
	Am	ount after	•	Earn	ings per		
	Am	ount after	shares outstanding		ings per in dollars)		
D. i	Am ——	ount after tax	•		ings per in dollars)		
Basic earnings per share	Am 		shares outstanding				
Profit attributable to ordinary		tax	shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	share (in dollars)		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	Am 		shares outstanding				
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share		tax	shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	share (in dollars)		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary		38,503	shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 39,365	share (in dollars)		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent <u>Diluted earnings per share</u> Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent		tax	shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 39,365	share (in dollars)		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive		38,503	shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 39,365	share (in dollars)		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares		38,503	shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 39,365	share (in dollars)		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares - Employees' compensation		38,503	shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 39,365 39,365	share (in dollars)		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares - Employees' compensation - Employee stock options		38,503	shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 39,365	share (in dollars)		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares - Employees' compensation - Employee stock options Profit attributable to ordinary		38,503	shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 39,365 39,365	share (in dollars)		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares - Employees compensation - Employee stock options Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus		38,503	shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 39,365 39,365	share (in dollars)		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares - Employees' compensation - Employee stock options Profit attributable to ordinary		38,503	shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 39,365 39,365	share (in dollars)		

	Six months ended June 30, 2017							
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)					
Basic earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 40,366	39,774	\$ 1.01					
Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive	40,36	5 39,774						
potential ordinary shares - Employees' compensation	-	138						
- Employee stock options Profit attributable to ordinary		132						
shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 40,366	40,044	\$ 1.01					
	Six months ended June 30, 2016							
		Weighted average number of ordinary						
	Amount after tax	shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)					
Basic earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 76,389		\$ 1.94					
Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	76,389	39,344						
- Employees' compensation		208						
- Employee stock options		301						
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive								
potential ordinary shares	\$ 76,389	39,853	\$ 1.92					

~32~

31, 2016 and 2015.

proportionately to the capitalised amount of unappropriated earnings for the years ended December

(24) Operating leases

The Group leases real estate under non-cancellable operating lease agreements. The lease terms are between 2 and 3 years, and all these lease agreements are renewable at the end of the lease period. Rental is increased every year to reflect market rental rates. Partial leases are charged extra rents following the changes of local price indexes. The Group recognised rental expenses of \$4,413 thousand, \$4,232 thousand, \$8,922 thousand and \$8,395 thousand, for these leases in profit or loss for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016		June 30, 2016	
Not later than one year	\$	9,286	\$	13,928	\$	14,022
Later than one year but not						
later than five years		7,974		10,632		17,732
	\$	17,260	\$	24,560	\$	31,754

(25) Supplemental cash flow information

Investing activities with partial cash payments

	S	31,			
		2017	2016		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$	82,516	\$	9,724	
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment		497		2,151	
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment	(460)		2,590)	
Cash paid during the period	\$	82,553	\$	9,285	

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group
WeiSen Electronic Co., Ltd	Other related parties (Note)

Note: On June 20, 2017, the Group was elected as juristic person director of HEP TECH CO., LTD. (hereinafter "HEP"), and the Group became a related party of "HEP" and its subsidiaries starting from the same day. The sales transactions included the period from June 20, 2017 to June 30, 2017, and listed below are the accounts receivable, accounts payable and other payables based on the balances on June 30, 2017.

(2) Significant related party transactions				
A. Operating revenue				
				une 20, 2017
			to Jur	ne 30, 2017
Sales of goods:				
- Other related parties			\$	
B. Accounts receivable				
			June	30, 2017
Accounts receivable:				
- Other related parties			\$	
C. <u>Purchases</u>				une 20, 2017 le 30, 2017
Purchases of raw materials: - Other related parties			<u>\$</u>	2,973
The purchases from related parties mostly term was 90 days after monthly billing.	y were starter, b	pallast and transfo	ormer, the	payment
D. Accounts payable			_	
			June	30, 2017
Accounts payable:			φ	10.450
- Other related parties			<u> </u>	13,479
E. Other payables				
			June	30, 2017
Other payables:				
- Other related parties			\$	610
(3) Key management compensation		Ti	1_1 T	20
	•	Three months		
Classic designs and large base City	\$	2017		2016
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	\$	6,879 176	\$	7,037 158
Share-based payments		274		255 255
Share-based payments	\$	7,329	\$	7,450
	••••			
		Six months e		
		2017		2016
Short-term employee benefits	\$	13,252	\$	16,326
Post-employment benefits		352		316
Share-based payments	<u> </u>	549	<u>•</u>	557
	\$	14,153	<u>\$</u>	17,199

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

None.

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT

COMMITMENTS

(1) Contingencies

Details of the endorsements/guarantees provided for subsidiaries are provided in Note 13(1).

(2) Commitments

The Group entered into leases for its plants under non-cancellable operating lease agreements as follows:

Lessee	Leased object	Period	Monthly rent	
TONS	4F., No.236, Bo'ai St., New	2017.1.1 ~ 2019.12.31	\$ 443	
LIGHTOLOGY	Taipei City, Taiwan			
INC.				
ZHONGSHAN	No. 6 HuaCheng Rd.,	$2016.1.1 \sim 2017.12.31$	662	
TONS LIGHTING	ZhongShan, GuangDong			
CO., LTD.	Province, China			

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

None.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders and issue new shares to reduce debt. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-asset ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total assets.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2016, was to maintain the debt-to-asset ratio within 20% to 40%. The debt-to-asset ratios at June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016		June 30, 2016		
Total liabilities	\$	331,710	\$	262,670	\$	391,594	
Total assets	\$	1,408,835	\$	1,422,805	\$	1,521,917	
Gearing ratio		24%		18%		26%	

(2) Financial instruments

A. Fair value information of financial instruments

(a) Except for those listed in the table below, the carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable and other payables) are approximate to their fair values. The fair value information of financial instruments measured at fair value is provided in Note 12(3).

			 June 3	0, 20	017	
				F	air value	
	В	ook value	 Level 1		Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets:						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$	96,298	\$ 95,528	\$	770	\$ -
Available-for-sale financial assets		119,357	 99,466			 <u> 19,891</u>
	\$	215,655	\$ 194,994	\$	770	\$ 19,891
			 Decembe	r 31,	, 2016	
			 	F	air value	
	_B	ook value	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets:			,			-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$	71,505	\$ 71,505	\$	-	\$ -
Available-for-sale financial assets		121,120	 101,229			 19,891
	\$	192,625	\$ 172,734	\$	_	\$ 19,891
			June 3	0, 20	016	
			 	F	air value	
	_B	ook value	 Level 1		Level 2	 Level 3
Financial assets:					_	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$	44,517	\$ 44,517	\$	←	\$ -
Available-for-sale financial assets		111,989	 96,323			 15,666
	\$	156,506	\$ 140,840	\$	-	\$ 15,666

- (b) The methods and assumptions of fair value measurement are as follows:
 - i. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: If there is a quoted price in an active market, the fair value is based on the market price; if there is no quoted market price available, the fair value is determined by using valuation techniques or counterparty quotes.
 - ii Available-for-sale financial assets: There is no quoted market price available, the fair value is determined by using valuation techniques or counterparty quotes.

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.
- C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks
 - (a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations.
- ii. The group companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury. To manage their foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities, entities in the Group use natural hedge to decrease the risk exposure in the foreign currency, transacted with Group treasury.
- iii. The Group treasury's risk management policy is to hedge anticipated cash flows (mainly from export sales and purchase of inventory) in each major foreign currency.

(Remainder of page intentionally left blank)

subsidiaries' functional currency: USD and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations and analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD; other certain significant foreign exchange variation are as follows:

0					Jume 30, 2017	, 2017				1
					•		Sen	Sensitivity analysis	ysis	ı
	For	Foreign currency		Bo	Book value				Effect on other	
	Ü	amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate	(In	(In thousands of NTD)	Degree of variation	E bro	Effect on profit or loss	comprehensive income	
(Foreign currency:	1						 			
functional currency)										
Financial assets										
Monetary items										
SD: NTD	69	3,639	30.370	↔	110,516	1%	↔	1,105	69	
KD: NTD		1,179	3.867		4,559	%I		46		
UR: NTD		1,387	34.520		47,879	1%		479		1
MB: NTD		34,366	4.461		153,307	1%		1,533		
MB: USD		12,223	0.147		54,527	1%	J	545)		
SD: RMB		4,527	6.781		137,485	1%		1,375		
UR: RMB		112	7.74		3,866	1%		39		,
USD: RMB(Note)		1,800	6.812		770	1%		551		
n-monetary items										
SD: NTD	↔	337	30.370	↔	10,235	1%	€9	ı	\$ 102	~ 1
Financial liabilities										
netary items										
SD: NTD	69	5,731	30.470	↔	174,624	1%	s)	1,746)	↔	
UR: NTD		106	34.920		3,702	1%	_	37)		
MB: NTD		6,821	4.511		30,770	1%	J	308)		
RMB: USD		5,655	0.148		25,510	1%		225		,

Note: The Group's subsidiaries have forward foreign exchange contracts. Foreign currency amount is the notional principal. Exchange rate is forward exchange rate that is estimated to be settled at the balance sheet date, and the book value is the amount recognised.

December 31, 2016

							Sensitivity analysis	y analys	sis
	Foreig	Foreign currency		Book value					Effect on other
	a	amount	Exchange	(In thousands	s Degree of	se of	Effect on	uc	comprehensive
	(In thou	housands)	rate	of NTD)	variation	ution	profit or loss	loss	income
(Foreign currency:									
functional currency)									
Financial assets									
Monetary items									
USD: NTD	€9	4,565	32,200	\$ 146,993	• `	1%		1,470	- ←
EUR: NTD		1,197	33.700	40,339		%1		403	ı
RMB: NTD		29,015	4.592	133,237	•	%1	, -,	1,332	1
RMB: USD		25,152	0.143	115,498	•	%1	(1	1,155)	ı
USD: RMB		4,227	6.985	136,109		1%	• •	1,361	ı
Non-monetary items									
USD: NTD	S	337	32.200	\$ 10,851		1%	⇔	ı	\$ 109
Financial liabilities									
Monetary items									
USD: NTD	↔	5,570	32.300	\$ 179,911	, .	%1	(\$	1,799)	, ↔
RMB: NTD		8,232	4.642	38,213		%	_	382)	•
RMB: USD		7,748	0.144			%!		360	1
USD: RMB (Note)		1,800	6.973		2,067 19	1%)	580)	1
`							•	•	- -

Note: The Group's subsidiaries have forward foreign exchange contracts. Foreign currency amount is the notional principal. Exchange rate is forward exchange rate that is estimated to be settled at the balance sheet date, and the book value is the amount recognised.

June 30, 2016

						Sensitivity analysis	llysis
	For	Foreign currency		Book value			Effect on other
		amount	Exchange	(In thousands	Degree of	Effect on	comprehensive
	1)	(In thousands)	rate	of NTD)	variation	profit or loss	income
(Foreign currency:							
functional currency)							
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD: NTD	€9	7,317	32.225	\$ 235,790	1%	\$ 2,358	. ←
EUR: NTD		2,568	35.690	91,652	7%	917	•
RMB: NTD		19,024	4.820	969'16	1%	917	1
RMB: USD		14,900	0.150	71,818	1%	(718)	-
USD: RMB		4,799	6.662	154,648	1%	1,546	1
Non-monetary items							
USD: NTD	\$	337	32,225 \$	\$ 10,860	1%	69	\$ 109
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD: NTD	↔	7,458	32.325 \$	\$ 241,080	1%	(\$ 2,411) \$	· •
USD: RMB (Note)		1,800	6.665	1,048	1%	(582)	

Note: The Group's subsidiaries have forward foreign exchange contracts. Foreign currency amount is the notional principal. Exchange rate is forward exchange rate that is estimated to be settled at the balance sheet date, and the book value is the amount recognised.

E. Total exchange gain (loss), including realised and unrealised arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and aix months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, amounted to \$5,017 thousand, (\$386) thousand, \$308 thousand and \$633 thousand, respectively.

Interest rate risk

For the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Group has no items with impact on profit (loss) due to changes in interest rates.

Price risk

- i. The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because of investments held by the Group and classified on the consolidated balance sheet either as available-for-sale or at fair value through profit or loss. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk.
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise domestic listed and unlisted stocks. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, other components of equity for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 would have increased/decreased by \$1,194 and \$1,120, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as available-for-sale.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by management. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to customers, including outstanding receivables.
- ii. For the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, no credit limits were exceeded during the reporting periods, and management does not expect any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties.
- iii. The credit quality information of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired is provided in Note 6(3) Accounts receivable.
- iv. The ageing analysis of financial assets that were past due but not impaired is provided in Note 6(3) Accounts receivable.
- v. The individual analysis of financial assets that had been impaired is provided in the statement for each type of financial asset in Note 6.

(c) Liquidity risk

i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs. Such forecasting

- takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets and, if applicable external regulatory or legal requirements.
- ii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for nonderivative financial liabilities and to the expected maturity date for derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

June 30, 2017	L	ess than 1 year	1	etween and 2 years	2 8	tween and 3 years	Between 3 and 5 years		Over 5	years
Notes payable and accounts payable	\$	73,730	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts payable -related parties		13,479		-		-		-		-
Other payables		206,672		-		-		-		-
Other payables -related parties		610		-		-		-		-

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

]	Less than		ween and 2	 etween 2 and 3		Between 3 and 5		
December 31, 2016		1 year	у	ears	years		years		Over 5 years
Notes payable and accounts payable	\$	108,319	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Other payables		110,002		-		-		-	-

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

			Bet	ween	В	etween		Betwe	een			
	Ι	ess than	1 a	nd 2	2	2 and 3		3 and	l 5			
June 30, 2016		1 year	ye	ears		years		yea	rs		Over 5 year	ars
Notes payable and accounts payable	\$	118,196	\$	-	\$		-	\$	-	-	\$	-
Other payables		231,150		-			-			-		-

Derivative financial liabilities:

			Betw	een	Betw	een	Bet	ween		
	Less th	nan	1 and	12	2 and	d 3	3 a	nd 5		
June 30, 2017	1 ye	ear	yea	rs	yea	ars	у	ears	Over	5 years
Forward exchange	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
contracts										

Derivative financial liabilities:

December 31, 2016	Le	ss than 1 year	1 a	ween and 2 ears	2	tween and 3 years		Betwe 3 and yea	1 5	Over 5	years
Forward exchange contracts	\$	2,067	\$	_	\$		<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	-

Derivative financial liabilities:

June 30, 2016	Le	ess than 1 vear	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 3 years	,	Between 3 and 5 years	Over	5 years
Forward exchange	\$	1,048	\$	 \$	-	\$	- \$	<u>-</u>

(3) Fair value information

- A. Details of the fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value are provided in Note 12(2)A.
- B. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.
- C. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities at June 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016 is as follows:

June 30, 2017		Level 1]	Level 2	 Level 3	 Total
Assets						
Recurring fair value measurements		•				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	<u>\$</u>	95,528	\$	770	\$ <u></u>	\$ 96,298
Available-for-sale financial assets - Equity securities	<u>\$</u>	99,466	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 19,891	\$ 119,357

December 31, 2016		Level 1]	Level 2		Level 3		Total
Assets								
Recurring fair value measurements								
Financial assets at fair value								
through profit or loss	\$	71,505	\$	_	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	71,505
Available-for-sale financial assets								
- Equity securities	\$	101,229	\$	_	\$	19,891	\$	121,120
Liabilities								
Recurring fair value measurements								
Financial liabilities at fair								
value through profit or loss	\$	-	\$	2,067	<u>\$</u>	_	<u>\$</u>	2,067
June 30, 2016		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Assets								
Recurring fair value measurements								
Financial assets at fair value								
through profit or loss	\$	44,517	\$		\$		\$_	44,517
Available-for-sale financial assets								
Parity appreition	\$	96,323	\$	_	\$	15,666	\$	111,989
 Equity securities 	Ψ.		_					
Liabilities	-				_			
- ·	<u>~</u>	- · · · · ·			-	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		
Liabilities	<u>~</u>	· · · ,			<u></u>	,		

- D. The Group used market quoted prices as the fair values of the instruments in Level 1. Based on the characteristics, the closing prices are used for emerging shares.
- E. For the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

		201	7	
	Non-derivative equity instrume		Investment property	Total
At January 1 and June 30	\$ 19,89	91 \$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,891
		201	.6	
	Non-derivative equity instrume		Investment property	Total
At January 1	\$ 65,9	37 \$ -	\$ -	\$ 65,937
Transfers out from level 3				
(Note 1)	(50,2	<u>71</u>)		(50,271)
At June 30	\$ 15,6	<u>66 \$ </u>	\$	<u>\$ 15,666</u>

- Note 1: As the Group's private entity's shares of StrongLED Lighting Systems (Cayman) Co., Ltd. started to be traded in the Taipei Exchange from March 2016, the Group has transferred the fair value from Level 3 into Level 1 at the end of month when the event occurred.
- G. Experts and the Group's treasury department are in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.
- H. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at June 30, 2017	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 19,891	Market comparable companies	Net equity ratio and price to earnings ratio	0.91~9.07	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value
	Fair value at		Significant		Relationship
	December 31	Valuation	unobservable		of inputs to
	2016	technique	input	Range	fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:				-	
Unlisted shares	\$ 19,891	Market comparable companies	Net equity ratio and price to earnings ratio	0.91~9.07	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value

	Fa	ir value at		Significant		Relationship
		June 30,	Valuation	unobservable		of inputs to
		2016	technique	input	Range	fair value
Non derivative equity instrument:						
Unlisted shares	\$	15,666	Market comparable companies	Net equity ratio and price to earnings ratio	0.83~9.16	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value

I. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value; therefore, the fair value measurement is reasonable. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in difference measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

				June :	30, 2017	
			Recogni	ised in other c	<u>omprehe</u>	nsive income
	Input	Change	Favour	able change	Unfavo	urable change
Financial assets						
Equity securities	Net equity ratio and price to earnings ratio	±5%	\$	950	(\$	950)
				Decemb	er 31, 20	16
			Recogn	nised in other	compreh	ensive income
	Input	Change	_Favour	rable change	Unfavo	urable change
Financial assets						
Equity securities	Net equity ratio and price to earnings ratio	±5%	\$	996	(\$	996)
				June 3	30, 2016	
			Recogn	ised in other o	comprehe	nsive income
	Input	Change	Favour	able change	Unfavo	urable change
Financial assets	3					
Equity securities	Net equity ratio and price to earnings ratio	±5%	\$	783	(\$	783)

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

- (1) Significant transactions information
 - A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
 - B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
 - C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.

- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding NT\$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- I. Trading in derivative financial instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Titan Lighting Co., Ltd. entered into forward foreign exchange contracts for the six months ended June 30, 2017. As of June 30, 2017, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of \$770 thousand was recognised.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 6.

(2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 7.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 8.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area for the six months ended June 30, 2017 is provided in Note 13(1) J.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

Management has determined the reportable operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker that are used to make strategic decisions. Business organization is divided into Tons Lightology Inc., Titan Lighting Co., Ltd., Zhongshan Tons Lighting Co., Ltd. and other segments based on the nature. The Group's revenue is mainly from manufacturing and trading of lighting equipment and lamps.

(2) Segment information

A. The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

			Six r	nonths ended I	Tune 30	, 2017	
					ZHO	NGSHAN	
		TONS	1	TITAN	-	ΓONS	
	LIGI	HTOLOGY INC.	LIGH	HTING CO., LTD.		TING CO., LTD.	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	419,730	\$	2,489	\$	34,188	\$ 456,407
Revenue from							
internal customers		12,136		345,424		3,023	 360,583
Segment revenue	\$	431,866	\$	347,913	\$	37,211	\$ 816,990
Segment profit							
(loss) before tax	\$	36,461	\$	20,120	(\$	2,708)	\$ 53,873
			Six r	nonths ended.	June 30	, 2016	
					ZHC	NGSHAN	
		TONS		TITAN	,	TONS	
		10110		1111111		TONS	
	LIG	HTOLOGY	LIGI	HTING CO.,		TING CO.,	
	LIG		LIGI			· -	 Total
Revenue from external customers	LIGI \$	HTOLOGY		HTING CO.,	LIGH	TING CO.,	\$ Total 628,706
external customers		HTOLOGY INC.		HTING CO., LTD.	LIGH	TING CO., LTD.	\$
		HTOLOGY INC.		HTING CO., LTD.	LIGH	TING CO., LTD.	\$
external customers Revenue from		HTOLOGY INC. 580,854		HTING CO., LTD. 4,517	LIGH	TING CO., LTD. 43,335	 628,706
external customers Revenue from internal customers	\$	HTOLOGY INC. 580,854	\$	HTING CO., LTD. 4,517 462,207	LIGH \$	TING CO., LTD. 43,335	 628,706 478,008

- B. The Group's reportable operating segments are the result of the organisation divided by operating business.
- C. The Group's revenue is mainly from manufacturing and trading of lighting equipment and lamps.
- D.The Group did not allocate income tax expense to reportable segments. The reportable amounts are in agreement with the amount stated in the report to the chief operating decision-maker.
- E. The accounting policies of the operating segments are in agreement with the significant accounting policies summarized in Note 4. The Group's segment profit (loss) is measured with the operating profit (loss) before tax, which is used as a basis for the Group in assessing the performance of the operating segments.

(3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

A. A reconciliation of total revenue after adjustment to the total revenue from continuing operating during the period is provided as follows:

		Six months en	ded Ju	ne 30,
		2017		2016
Reportable operating segments revenue after adjustment	\$	816,990	\$	1,106,714
Other operating segments revenue after adjustment		348,705		471,752
Total operating segments		1,165,695		1,578,466
Elimination of intersegment revenue	(709,288)		949,760)
Total consolidated operating revenue	\$	456,407	\$	628,706

B. A reconciliation of income or loss before tax after adjustment to the income before tax from continuing operating during the period is provided as follows:

		Six months en	ded Ju	ine 30,
		2017		2016
Reportable operating segments income before tax after adjustment	\$	53,873	\$	107,142
Other operating segments loss before tax after adjustment	(3,446)	(8,440)
Total operating segments		50,427		98,702
Elimination of intersegment revenue		280		651
Income before tax from continuing operations	\$	50,707	\$	99,353

Loans to others

Six months ended June 30, 2017

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Table 1

					Footnote	(Note 4)	(Note 6)		(Note 5)	(Note 6)	
		Ceiling on	total loans	granted	(Note 3)	430,850 (Note 4)			31,283 (Note 5)		
		Limit on loans	ranted to	a single party	(Note 2)	430,850 \$			31,283		
	ı	Lin	60)	S		•					
	iteral				Value	ا دم			•		
	Collateral				Item Value	None			None		
	l	Allowance	for	doubtful	accounts	\$ - None \$			•		
			Reason	Nature of with the for short-term		Operation	requirements		Operation	requirements	
		Amount of	transactions Reason	with the	ьоточег	· •			,		
					Ioan	Financing			Financing		
				nterest	rate	1.65			1.50		
				Actual amount Interest	drawn down	1 64			•		
				Balance at	account party June 30, 2017 June 30, 2017 drawn down	S			15,753		
Maximum	outstanding	alance during	Is a the six months	ended	une 30, 2017	62,590			15,701		
		4	3.2 11	ated	Irty J	8			Yes		
			General Is	ledger rel	account pa	Other	receivables			receivables	
					Воггомег	GREATSUPER	TECHNOLOGY	LIMITED	SHANGHAI TONS Other	LIGHOLOGHY	CO,LTD.
					(Note 1) Creditor	TONS	LIGHTOLOGY	INC.	ZHONGSHAN	TONS LIGHTING	CO, LTD.
				Ņ.	(Note 1)	0			1		

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

(1) The Company is '0'.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: For companies with short-term financing needs, ceiling on loans is 40% of the lending company's net assets. As all the borrowing companies are wholly-owned companies held by Tons Lightology Inc., they are not limited to the 40% restriction.

Note 3: Ceiling on total loans granted to others is 40% of the lending company's net assets.

Note 4: The Board of Directors has approved the financing to Greatsuper Technology Limited at USD \$0 million. As of June 30, 2017, the amount drawn down was USD \$0 thousand (calculated at the buying spot

Note 5: The amount of ending balance was equal to the limit on loans as approved by the Board of Directors, which was translated at the average buying and selling spot rate on June 30, 2017. Note 6: The transactions were eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements. rate on June 30, 2017)

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Table 2

Foofnote endorsements/ endorsements/ endorsements/ guarantees to Provision of Provision of Provision of the party in Mainland (Note 6) China guarantees by guarantees by subsidiary to parent company (Note 6) z company to subsidiary (Note 6) parent total amount of endorsements/ 430,850 guarantees Ceiling on provided (Note 3) 4.24 amount to net asset value of endorsement the endorser/ accumulated guarantee guarantor Ratio of company endorsements/ secured with Amount of guarantees collateral Actual amount June 30, 2017 June 30, 2017 drawn down (Note 5) 45,630 amount at endorsement/ Outstanding guarantee (Note 5) 45,975 amount as of endorsement/ outstanding Maximum guarantee (Note 4) 215,425 provided for a endorsements/ single party guarantees Limit on (Note 3) Relationship guarantor endorser/ with the (Note 2) ල endorsed/guaranteed Party being Company name TECHNOLOGY GREATSUPER LIGHTOLOGY guarantor Endorser/ TONS (Note 1) Number 0

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

LIMITED

(1) The Company is '0'.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following six categories:

(1) Having business relationship.

(2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.

(3) The endorser/guarantor parent company and its subsidiaries jointly own more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.

(4) The endorsed/guaranteed parent company directly or indirectly owns more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor subsidiary.

(5) Mutual guarantee of the trade as required by the construction contract.

(6) Due to joint venture, each shareholder provides endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.

Note 3: Ceiling on total endorsements/guarantees to others is 40% of the Company's current net assets.

Note 4: Maximum outstanding endorsement/guarantee amount of USD \$1.5 million was translated into NTD using the average rate of buying and selling spot rate of the month when the maximum amount incurred. Limit on endorsements/guarantees to a single party is 20% of the Company's current net assets.

Note 5: Ending balance of endorsements/guarantees of USD \$1.5million as of June 30, 2017 was the balance as approved by the Board of Directors. As of June 30, 2017, the actual amount drawn down by Greatsuper Technology Limited was USD \$0 thousand, which was translated at the average buying and selling spot rate on June 30, 2017.

Note 6: Fill in 'Y' for those cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary and provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, and provision to the party in Mainland China.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

Six months ended June 30, 2017

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD

							(Except as ot	(Except as otherwise indicated)
	Marketable securities	Relationship with the	General	:	As of Jun	As of June 30, 2017		
Securities held by	(Note 1)	securities issuer	ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC.	Share ownership / TITAN AURORA INC.	None	Available-for-sale financial	1,900 \$	10,885	19.00 \$	10,885	
TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC.	Share ownership / GRIFFIN LIGHTING CO., LTD.	None	assets – non-current Available-for-sale fmancial	005'99	8,129	19.00	8,129	
TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC.	Share ownership / ANDERSEN LIGHTING CO., L.ID	None	assets – non-current Available-for-sale financial	•	877	19.00	877	Note 2
TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC.	Stock / HEP TECH CO., LTD.	None	assels – non-current Available-for-sale financial	3,860,760	61,386	12.73	61,386	
TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC.	StockStrong LED Lighting System (Cayman) Co., Ltd.	None	assets — non-current Available-for-sale financial assets — non-current	1,700,000	38,080	4.59	38,080	1
HONG BO INVESTMENT CO., LID.	Stock / HEP TECH CO., LTD.	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current	2,093,000	33,278	06:90	33,278	ı
HONG BO INVESTMENT CO., LTD.	Stock / Strong LED Lighting System	None	Financial assets at fair	2,779,000	62,250	7.51	62,250	ı

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Andersen Lighting Co., Ltd. is a limited company. The shareholding ratio is calculated proportionately to the contributed amount.

214,885

214,885 Total

Total

value through profit or

(Cayman) Co., Ltd.

loss -- current

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Six months ended June 30, 2017

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Table 4

(Note 2) Footnote Note 4 ଛ Notes/accounts receivable (payable) notes/accounts Percentage of receivable (payable) 189,621) (Balance છ Differences in transaction terms Credit term Note 2 compared to third party transactions Unit price Note 1 purchases of goods 99 30~60 days after Credit term total purchases Percentage of (sales) Transaction 348,620 Amount Purchases Purchases (sales) Subsidiary of the Company Relationship counterparty with the TONS LIGHTING CO., LTD. Counterparty TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC.

100) Note 4

156,256) (

Note 2

Note 3

purchases of goods 100 30-60 days after

339,414

Purchases

Same ultimate

TITAN LIGHTING CO., LTD.

TONS LIGHTING CO., LTD.

Purchaser/seller

parent

Note 1: Transaction amount is based on the transfer pricing policy of Tons Lightology Inc. The credit term is 30-60 days after the purchases and payment is made timely according to the capital needs of subsidiaries. Note 2: There are no purchases (sales) of the same products, thus, no third party transaction can be compared with.

Note 3: Transaction amount is based on the transfer priving policy of Tons Lightology Inc. The credit term is 30-60 days after the shipment of goods. Note 4: The transactions were eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Six months ended June 30, 2017

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Table 5

Allowance for	doubtful accounts	•	•
Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	(Note I)	\$ 085,65 \$	716,96
ceivables	Action taken		•
Overdue receivables	Amount	1	1
	Turnover rate	7.09 \$	8.39
Balance as at June 30, 2017	(Note 2)	Accounts receivable \$189,621	Accounts receivable \$156,256
Relationship with the	counterparty	Parent company	Same ultimate parent
	Counterparty	TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC.	TONS LIGHTING CO., LTD.
	Creditor	TONS LIGHTING CO., LID.	TITAN LIGHTING CO., LTD.

Note 1: Subsequent collection is the amount of receivables collected from related parties as of July 28, 2017. Note 2: The transactions were eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period

Six months ended June 30, 2017

Table 6

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Expressed in thousands of NTD

	Percentage of consolidated total	operating revenues or total assets	Transaction terms (Note 3)	ays after purchases 76.38 of goods	ays after purchases 13.46 of goods	ays after purchases 74.37 of goods	11.09
Transaction		Amount	(Note 4) Trans	348,620) 30~60 days after purchases of goods	189,621) 30~60 days after purchases of goods	339,414) 30~60 days after purchases of goods	156,256) 30~60 days after purchases
			 	\$	<u> </u>	\cup	_
			General ledger account	(Purchases)	(Accounts payable)	(Purchases)	(Accounts payable)
		Relationship	(Note 2)	(D)	(1)	(3)	(3)
			Counterparty	TONS LIGHTING CO., LTD.	TONS LIGHTING CO., L'ID.	TITAN LIGHTING CO., LTD.	TITAN LIGHTING CO., LTD.
			Сотрану пате	TONS LIG	TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC.	TONS LIGHTING CO., LTD.	TONS LIGHTING CO., LTD.
		N. Tefani	(Note 1)		0	П	1

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1) Parent company is '0'.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

(1) Parent company to subsidiary.

(2) Subsidiary to parent company.(3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total special assets for income statement accounts.

Note 4: Transaction amounts account for at least 20% of the paid-in capital.

Information on investees

Six months ended June 30, 2017

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

3.4 Investment income recognised by the for the six months ended June 30, Company Net profit (loss) of the investee months ended for the six Shares held as at June 30, 2017 Balance as at December 31. Initial investment amount Balance as at Main business

			Main business	Dalance as at December 51,	recember 51,				monins ended	enger ague an'	
Investor	Investee	Location	activities	June 30, 2017	2016	Number of shares	Number of shares Ownership (%) Book value June 30, 2017	Book value	June 30, 2017	2017	Footnote
TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC.	WORLD EXTEND HOLDING	Samoa	Reinvestment	\$ 545,972 \$ 503,130	\$ 503,130	18,333,402	100	100 \$ 831,236 \$	\$ 13,940 \$		14,220 Subsidiary (Note 1. 3)
			fundina								
TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC.	HONG BO INVESTMENT CO.,	Taiwan	Reinvestment	110,000	90,000	11,000,000	100	105,169	3,547) (3,547)	Subsidiary
	LTD.		company								(Note 3)
WORLD EXTEND HOLDING	TONS LIGHTING CO., LTD.	Belize	Sales of various	1,625	1,625	500,000	100	12,359	(1,121)	•	Indirect
INC.			lighting products								subsidiary
			and accessories								(Note 2, 3)
WORLD HOLDING LIJMINGUS HOLDING	1.UMINOUS HOLDING	Samoa	Reinvestment	100,590	30,357	3,250,000	100	99,749	(999)	,	Indirect
CNI	INCORPORATED		company								subsidiary
			•								(Note 2, 3)
WORLD EXTEND HOLDING	WORLD EXTEND HOLDING GREATSUPER TECHNOLOGY British Virgin	British Virgin	Reinvestment	500,917	500,917	27,606	100	703,672	15,723	1	Indirect
CN	LIMITED	Islands	company								subsidiary
			•								(Note 2, 3)

Note 1: Including investment income (loss) used to offset against upstream transactions.

Note 2: The investees are the Company's second-tier subsidiaries and investee of such subsidiaries. Investment income (loss) is not disclosed.

Note 3: The transactions were eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Six months ended June 30, 2017

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Note 1,2,4,5,6 510 Note 1,7 1,2,3,4,5 Note 1,7 Note 1,2,4,5 Note 20,066 remitted back to une 30, 2017 Taiwan as of Accumulated of investment income amount 598,466 78,208 98,203 Mainland China Book value of investments in as of June 30, 2017 2,470) (88) 16,309 by the Company income (loss) months ended fune 30, 2017 recognised for the six Investment 100.00 100.00 12.10 100.00 12.10 Ownership Company (direct or held by indirect) ŧ 2,470) (889) 16,309 Net income of investee as of June 30, 2017 110,585 (12,842 (43,299 368.845 줐 Mainland China from Taiwan to as of June 30, Accumulated of remittance amount 2017 to Taiwan Remitted Amount remitted back months ended June 30, Amount remitted from to Taiwan for the six back Mainland China/ Taiwan to 2017 Remitted to 42,842 Mainland China 43,299 Mainland China 368,845 110,585 8 emittance from as of January 1, Accumulated amount of Taiwan to 2017 Investment method ପ୍ର ପ ନ୍ତ 8 3 97,344 33,356 319,276 372,721 109,512 Paid-in capital production and sales of LED production and sales of LED manufacturing of hardware semiconductor application semiconductor application manufacturing of hardware manufacturing of hardware parts, and production and parts, and production and parts, and production and Research, development, Research, development, Main business trading of lamps and trading of lamps and trading of lamps and Design of products, Design of products, Design of products, and other products and other products activities accessories accessories accessories ZHONGSHAN TONS LIGHTING CO., LTD. Canyon LED Lighting LIGHTOLOGY CO., LTD. Grand Canyon Opto SHANGHAI TONS Tech (Su Zhou) Co., TITAN LIGHTING Mainland China Investee in Systems Co., Ltd. ShangHai Grand CO, LTD.

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories:

(1) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China

(2) Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China. (Than Lighting Co., Ltd. and Zhongstan Tons Lighting Co., Ltd. reinvested through World Extend Holding Inc.; ShangHai Grand Canyon LED Lighting Systems Co., Lid. and Grand Caryon Opto Tech (Su Zhou) Co., Ltd. reinvested through Strong LED Lighting System (Cayman) Co., Ltd.)

Others.

Note 4: Paid-in capital of Titan Lighting Co., Ltd., Zhongshan Tons Lighting Co., Ltd. and SHANGHAI TONS LIGHTOLOGY CO., LTD. of USD \$12,253 thousand, USD \$3,600 thousand and USD \$3,200 thousand, respectively, was translated at the average buying and Note 5: Accumulated investment amount in Tian Lighting Co., Ltd., Zhongshan Tons Lighting Co., Ltd. and SHANGHAI TONS LIGHTOLOGY CO., LTD. of USD \$11,816 thousand, USD \$3,577 thousand and USD \$1,400 thousand, respectively, was translated at the Note 2. Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2017 is based on financial statements and attested and attested by R.O.C. parent company's CPA.

Note 3: Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2017, including \$34,945 thousand for the stare ownership in Horg Bo Investment Co., Ltd., an investee company that has conducted a short-form merger.

Note 6: SHANGHAI TONS LIGHTOLOGY CO., LTD. has USD 3,200 thousand paid-in capital, which was composed by reinvestment of the third party, WORLD EXTEND HOLDING INC, through LUMINOUS HOLDING INCORPORATED of USD 1,800 thousand, and the remittances from Taiwan through WORLD EXTEND HOLDING INC and LUMINOUS HOLDING INCORPORATED to reinvest USD 1,400 thousand. exchange rate at the initial investment

Note ?: ShangHai Grand Canyon LED Lighting Systems Co., Ltd. and Grand Canyon Opto Tech (Su Zhou) Co., Ltd. reinvested through Strong LED Lighting System (Cayman) Co., Ltd. The investment was recorded as available-for-sale financial assets - non-current. Therefore, the Company did not recognise investment income (loss) and the investment at its book value individually for the investees in Mainland Chira.

Ceiling on	investments	in Mainland	China	imposed by	the	Investment	Commission	of MOEA	(Note 3)	609,789 \$ 646,275
		Investment	amount approved	by the Investment	Commission of	the Ministry of	Economic Affairs Commission	(MOEA)	(Note 2)	69
					Accumulated amount of	remittance from Taiwan to	Mainland China as of	June 30, 2017	(Note 1)	\$ 566,472
									Company name	TONS LIGHTOLOGY INC.

Note 1: Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of June 30, 2017 was USD \$16,793 thousand and NTD \$44,200 thousand, including USD \$1,059 thousand for the share ownership in Hong Bo Livestment Co., Ltd., an investee company that has conducted a short-form merger, the cash amounts of USD which was calculated at the actual exchange rate at outward remittance,

Note 2: Approved amount was USD \$18,593 thousand and NTD \$44,200 thousand, and has been translated at the average buying and selling spot rate on June 30, 2017.

Note 3: The approved USD \$18,593 thousand includes USD \$1,800 thousand, own funds of the investee located in the third area, World Extend Holding Inc.

Note 4: Ceiling on investments was calculated based on the limit (60% of net assets) specified in Regulations Governing Security Investment and Technical Cooperation in the Mainland Area' imposed by the Ministry of Economic Affairs.